

## Vocabulary 7

From now on the vocabularies list nouns with nominative, genitive (= 'of'; see chapter 9) and gender, e.g.

1st declension: **filia, filiae**, f. daughter (*this is abbreviated to: filia, -ae*, f. daughter)

2nd declension: **filius, filiū**, m. son (*abbreviated to: filius, -ī*, m. son)

3rd declension: **rēx, rēgis**, m. king (*the genitives of 3rd declension nouns are not abbreviated*)

Some nouns can by sense be either masculine or feminine, e.g. **comes** = a male or a female companion; their genders are given as c. = common. 3rd declension adjectives are given in two forms, e.g. **fortis** (masculine and feminine), **forte** (neuter)

## verbs

<b>convocō, convocāre</b>	I call together
<b>nāvigō, nāvigāre</b>	I sail
<b>oppugnō, oppugnāre</b>	I attack
<b>pugnō, pugnāre</b>	I fight
<b>dēfendō, dēfendere</b>	I defend
<b>occidō, occidere</b>	I kill
<b>resistō, resistere</b>	I resist
<b>vincō, vincere</b>	I conquer
<b>capiō, capere*</b>	I take
<b>fugiō, fugere*</b>	I flee
<b>iaciō, iacere*</b>	I throw

## adjectives

<b>cārus, -a, -um</b>	dear
<b>fortis, forte</b>	brave
<b>omnis, omne</b>	all

## nouns

<b>īra, -ae, f.</b>	anger
<b>pugna, -ae, f.</b>	fight
<b>canis, canis, c.</b>	dog
<b>comes, comitis, c.</b>	comrade
<b>frāter, frātris, m.</b>	brother
<b>nāvis, nāvis, f.</b>	ship
<b>pater, patris, m.</b>	father
<b>prīnceps, prīncipis, m.</b>	prince
<b>rēx, rēgis, m.</b>	king
<b>urbs, urbis, f.</b>	city

## adverb

<b>fortiter</b>	bravely
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## preposition

<b>ā/ab + abl.</b>	from
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\* notice that these verbs are of the **capiō** class (3rd conjugation -io)

What is (a) a *pugnacious* man, (b) a *navigational* aid, (c) an *urban* council, (d) *fraternal* love, (e) *regal* splendor, (f) *omnipotent* God? (What do you suppose the Latin adjective **potēns** means?)  
From what Latin words are the English words in italics derived?

## Flavius' story: The siege of Troy

Agamemnōn, rēx Mycēnārum, omnēs prīncipēs Graecōrum convocat; iubet eōs bellum in Trōiānōs parāre. frāter eius, Menelāus, adest; Achillēs, hērōum fortissimus, venit ā Thessaliā; adest Ulixēs ab Ithacā cum comitibus, et multī aliī. magnum  
5 exercitum parant et multās nāvēs. ad urbem Trōiam nāvigant et Trōiānōs oppugnant.

**Mycēnārum** of Mycenae  
**Graecōrum** of the Greeks  
**bellum** war; **eius** his  
**hērōum fortissimus** the bravest of  
the heroes  
**Ulixēs** = Odysseus; **exercitum** army